Package: understandBPMN (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Calculator of Understandability Metrics for BPMN

Version 1.1.1

Description Calculate several understandability metrics of BPMN models. BPMN stands for business process modelling notation and is a language for expressing business processes into business process diagrams. Examples of these understandability metrics are: average connector degree, maximum connector degree, sequentiality, cyclicity, diameter, depth, token split, control flow complexity, connector mismatch, connector heterogeneity, separability, structuredness and cross connectivity. See R documentation and paper on metric implementation included in this package for more information concerning the metrics.

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```
activity_multiple_times_executed

activity sometimes multiple times executed
```

Description

This functions returns true or false on whether or not an activity is sometimes multiple times executed This can be useful for measuring the understandability using behavioral profiles.

Usage

```
activity_multiple_times_executed(repetition_and_path_log, xml_internal_doc,
    activity, direct_parallel)
```

Arguments

Value

a boolean value indicating whether it is true that an activity can be executed multiple times in the same path

Examples

Description

This functions returns a list containing the repetitions with their respective activity names This can be useful for measuring the understandability using behavioral profiles.

Usage

```
activity_names_repetitions(repetition_and_path_log, xml_internal_doc)
```

Arguments

Value

a list containing the repetitions with their respective activity names

Examples

```
## Not run: activity_multiple_times_executed(log, doc, "A")
```

```
avg_connector_degree Average connector degree
```

Description

Average connector degree is defined as the average incoming and outgoing sequence flows of all gateways and activities with at least two incoming or outgoing sequence flows

Usage

```
avg_connector_degree(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the average connector degree

```
avg_connector_degree(file_path)
```

calculate_metrics 5

calculate_metrics

A calculation function for all metrics

Description

Creation object containing all metrics, which are: the number of empty sequence flows, the number of duplicate tasks, the number of data objects, the number of pools, the number of swimlanes, the number of message flows, the density, the coefficient of network connectivity, the average connector degree, the maximum connector degree, the sequentiality, the cyclicity, the diameter, the depth, the token_split, the control flow complexity, the connector mismatch, the connector heterogeneity and the crs

Usage

```
calculate_metrics(file_path, cross_connectivity_metric = TRUE,
    signavio = FALSE, generate_new_path_log = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path file path of the BPMN file and

cross_connectivity_metric

a param indicating whether cross_connectivity shall be calculated as well

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

generate_new_path_log

used when it is not possible to save the path log such as with the Rapid miner or in unit tests and examples

Value

a tibble with one row and for each metric a column

Examples

```
calculate_metrics(file_path, generate_new_path_log = TRUE)
```

```
coefficient_network_connectivity
```

Coefficient of network connectivity

Description

Coefficient of network connectivity is defined as the number of sequence flows divided by the size

Usage

```
coefficient_network_connectivity(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

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Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the coefficient of network connectivity

Examples

```
coefficient_network_connectivity(file_path)
```

cognitive_weight

Cognitive weights

Description

Cognitive weight is defined as a weighted sum of gateways and activities

Usage

```
cognitive_weight(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the control flow complexity

```
cognitive_weight(file_path)
```

connectivity_level_between_pools

The connectivity level between pools

Description

The connectivity level between pools is the number of message flows over the number of pools

Usage

```
connectivity_level_between_pools(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the connectivity level between pools

Examples

```
connectivity_level_between_pools(file_path)
```

connector_heterogeneity

Connector heterogeneity

Description

Connector heterogeneity is defined as the sum of minus - p times the log of p of all gateways. p is defined as the number of a particular type of gateway divided by all gateways.

Usage

```
connector_heterogeneity(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the connector heterogeneity

Examples

```
connector_heterogeneity(file_path)
```

connector_mismatch

Connector mismatch

Description

Connector mismatch is the absolute value of the difference between split gateways and join gateways for each type of gateway, ie parallel, exclusive, inclusive, complex and event based gateways

Usage

```
connector_mismatch(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the connector mismatch

Examples

```
connector_mismatch(file_path)
```

```
control_flow_complexity
```

Control flow complexity

Description

Control flow complexity is defined as the sum of the outgoing of exclusive gateways, the number of parallel gateways and two to the power of all outgoing sequence flows of the inclusive gateways

Usage

```
control_flow_complexity(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

coupling_metric 9

Value

an integer indicating the control flow complexity

Examples

```
control_flow_complexity(file_path)
```

coupling_metric

Coupling metric

Description

Coupling metric is defined as the sum of the number of activities, AND-splits and a weighterd number of OR and XOR splits

Usage

```
coupling_metric(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the control flow complexity

Examples

```
coupling_metric(file_path)
```

create_internal_doc

A function for creating internal documents

Description

Is used for creating xml documents which nearly every function of this package needs as an input

Usage

```
create_internal_doc(bpmn_file, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

bpmn_file file path of the BPMN file

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an object containing the xml document

Examples

```
create_internal_doc(file_path)
```

Description

This function returns a list with four or three nested list objects: - One for the paths: Assumption: if a path contains a loop, the path contains one repetition (so two times) of the execution of this loop Assumption: there is no difference made between the type of gateways. So the path log is not a path log according to the definition found in the literature, but more a kind of a path log Assumption: for each split and join in the log, an extra element is added with the name "split" or "join" - One list object for the loops (repetitions) which start with a join and end with a join - One list object for the loops (repetitions) which start with a split and end with a split (- One list for the paths in which all gateways have a certain type)

Usage

```
create_path_and_repetition_log(file_path,
   add_path_log_for_structuredness = TRUE, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path internal document containing an xml

 ${\tt add_path_log_for_structuredness}$

a boolean value indicating whether the structured path log should be added. Is

standard TRUE

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

a list containing the path log, a list of repetitions starting with join, a list of repetitions starting with split, (optional: structured path log)

```
create_path_and_repetition_log(file_path)
```

cross_connectivity 11

cross_connectivity Cross Connectivity

Description

The cross-connectivity metric that measures the strength of the links between process model elements. The definition of this new metric builds on the hypothesis that process models are easier understood and contain less errors if they have a high cross-connectivity. The metric is calculated based on the creation of a data frame containing the values of all connections

Usage

```
cross_connectivity(file_path, signavio = FALSE,
  path_log_already_created = FALSE, generate_new_path_log = FALSE,
  time_to_generate_path_log = 1500)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio path_log_already_created

boolean which indicates whether the path log has already been created before or not. When you are not sure, it is best to use the standard which is false

generate_new_path_log

used when it is not possible to save the path log such as with the Rapid miner or in unit tests and examples

time_to_generate_path_log

time which is the maximum time to generate a new path log in seconds. The standard setting is 1500 seconds.

Value

an integer indicating the cross connectivity of a model

```
cross_connectivity(file_path, generate_new_path_log = TRUE)
```

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cyclicity

Cyclicity

Description

Cyclicity is defined as the number of nodes on a cycle divided by the total number of nodes

Usage

```
cyclicity(file_path, signavio = FALSE,
  path_log_already_created = FALSE, generate_new_path_log = FALSE,
  time_to_generate_path_log = 1500)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

path_log_already_created

boolean which indicates whether the path log has already been created before or not. When you are not sure, it is best to use the standard which is false

generate_new_path_log

used when it is not possible to save the path log such as with the Rapid miner or in unit tests and examples

time_to_generate_path_log

time which is the maximum time to generate a new path log in seconds. The standard setting is 1500 seconds.

Value

an integer indicating the cyclicity

Examples

```
cyclicity(file_path, generate_new_path_log = TRUE)
```

cyclomatic_metric

Cyclomatic metric of McCabe

Description

Cyclomatic metric takes into account the behavioral complexity of a process model. It is calculated by taking the number of activities minus the number of events, gateways and connector activities plus the number of strongly connected components. The number of strongly connected components is calculated by taking the number of exclusive gateways at depth level zero, when the depth is calculated only including exclusive gateways

density_process_model 13

Usage

```
cyclomatic_metric(file_path, signavio = FALSE,
  path_log_already_created = FALSE, generate_new_path_log = FALSE,
  time_to_generate_path_log = 1500)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

path_log_already_created

boolean which indicates whether the path log has already been created before or not. When you are not sure, it is best to use the standard which is false

generate_new_path_log

used when it is not possible to save the path log such as with the Rapid miner or

in unit tests and examples

time_to_generate_path_log

time which is the maximum time to generate a new path log in seconds. The

standard setting is 1500 seconds.

Value

an integer indicating the coefficient of network connectivity

Examples

```
cyclomatic_metric(file_path, generate_new_path_log = TRUE)
```

```
density_process_model Density
```

Description

Density is defined as the number of sequence flows divided by the size times the size minus one

Usage

```
density_process_model(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the density

14 depth

Examples

```
density_process_model(file_path)
```

depth

Depth

Description

Depth is defined as the the nesting of the process model. If there is a split gateway, the depth is increased with one. If there is a join gateway, the depth is decreased with one. The cumulative sum is taken and the maximum of the cumulative sum is calculated for each path. The nesting depth is the maximum of each path value

Usage

```
depth(file_path, signavio = FALSE, path_log_already_created = FALSE,
   generate_new_path_log = FALSE, time_to_generate_path_log = 1500)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio path_log_already_created

boolean which indicates whether the path log has already been created before or not. When you are not sure, it is best to use the standard which is false

generate_new_path_log

used when it is not possible to save the path log such as with the Rapid miner or in unit tests and examples

time_to_generate_path_log

time which is the maximum time to generate a new path log in seconds. The standard setting is 1500 seconds.

Value

an integer indicating the depth

```
depth(file_path, generate_new_path_log = TRUE)
```

diameter 15

diameter

Diameter

Description

Length of longest path, in practice the length of longest path. The assumption is made that one repetition for each loop is allowed and these repetitions count as well for the diameter

Usage

```
diameter(file_path, signavio = FALSE, path_log_already_created = FALSE,
  generate_new_path_log = FALSE, time_to_generate_path_log = 1500)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

path_log_already_created

boolean which indicates whether the path log has already been created before or not. When you are not sure, it is best to use the standard which is false

generate_new_path_log

used when it is not possible to save the path log such as with the Rapid miner or in unit tests and examples

time_to_generate_path_log

time which is the maximum time to generate a new path log in seconds. The standard setting is 1500 seconds.

Value

an integer indicating the diameter

Examples

```
diameter(file_path, generate_new_path_log = TRUE)
```

```
direct_parallel_relations
```

Direct and parallel relations

Description

This functions returns a table containing all direct and parallel relations between activities. The table contains five columns: - the two first represent activity ids - the third represents the type of relations, which is parallel or direct - the last two columns are the corresponding activity names for the first two columns

Usage

```
direct_parallel_relations(repetition_and_path_log, xml_internal_doc)
```

Arguments

```
repetition_and_path_log repetition and path log list object created by the function create_repetition_and_path_log xml_internal_doc
```

document object created using the create_internal_document function

Value

a table as described in the description

Examples

```
## Not run: direct_parallel_relations(repetition_and_path_log, xml_internal_doc)
```

```
filtered_path_log_parallel
```

Filter path log with only traces containing the parallel gateway together with the relevant activity

Description

This functions returns a path log with no traces with a parallel gateway of which the given activity is part but not included

Usage

```
filtered_path_log_parallel(structured_path_log, xml_internal_doc,
    activity_name)
```

Arguments

```
structured_path_log
repetition and path log list object created by the function create_repetition_and_path_log
xml_internal_doc
document object created using the create_internal_document function
activity_name name of the activity for the relevant filtering
```

Value

the filtered path log

```
## Not run: direct_parallel_relations(repetition_and_path_log, xml_internal_doc)
```

max_connector_degree 17

Description

Maximum connector degree is defined as the gateway or activity with the most incoming and outgoing sequence flows

Usage

```
max_connector_degree(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the maximum connector degree

Examples

```
max_connector_degree(file_path)
```

n_data_objects

Data Objects

Description

The number of data objects includes all data objects and data stores of a BPMN diagram

Usage

```
n_data_objects(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the number of data objects

```
n_data_objects(file_path)
```

n_duplicate_tasks

Duplicate tasks

Description

Duplicate tasks are tasks which share the same name with other tasks

Usage

```
n_duplicate_tasks(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the number of duplicate tasks

Examples

```
n_duplicate_tasks(file_path)
```

```
n_empty_sequence_flows
```

Empty sequence flows

Description

Empty sequence flow is defined as a flow which connects a split parallel gateway with a join parallel gateway without any tasks in between

Usage

```
n_empty_sequence_flows(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the number of empty sequence flows

n_message_flows 19

Examples

```
n_empty_sequence_flows(file_path)
```

 $n_message_flows$

Number of message flows

Description

Number of message flows. Message flows are used for communication between processes and link message events

Usage

```
n_message_flows(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the number of message flows

Examples

```
n_message_flows(file_path)
```

n_pools

Number of pools

Description

Number of pools in the process models. A pool represents an organisation or an entity

Usage

```
n_pools(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path	document object created using the create_internal_document function
signavio	boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

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Value

an integer indicating the number of pools

Examples

```
n_pools(file_path)
```

n swimlanes

Number of swimlanes

Description

Number of swimlanes in the pools. A swimlane represents a person, role or team

Usage

```
n_swimlanes(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the number of swimlanes

Examples

```
n_swimlanes(file_path)
```

separability

Separability

Description

A cut vertex is a node which if removed, splits the diagram into two pieces The consequence is that elements which are part of each path can be defined as a cut vertex Separability is defined as the number of cut vertices divided by (the size of the model - 2)

Usage

```
separability(file_path, signavio = FALSE,
  path_log_already_created = FALSE, generate_new_path_log = FALSE,
  time_to_generate_path_log = 1500)
```

sequentiality 21

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

path_log_already_created

boolean which indicates whether the path log has already been created before or

not. When you are not sure, it is best to use the standard which is false

generate_new_path_log

used when it is not possible to save the path log such as with the Rapid miner or

in unit tests and examples

time_to_generate_path_log

time which is the maximum time to generate a new path log in seconds. The

standard setting is 1500 seconds.

Value

an integer indicating the separability

Examples

```
separability(file_path, generate_new_path_log = TRUE)
```

sequentiality

Sequentiality

Description

Sequentiality is defined as the number of sequence flows connecting two tasks divided by the total number of sequence flows

Usage

```
sequentiality(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the sequentiality

```
sequentiality(file_path)
```

Description

The size of a model is the number of tasks, gateways and events

Usage

```
size_process_model(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function

signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an integer indicating the size

Examples

```
size_process_model(file_path)
```

Description

This functions returns true or false on whether or not an activity is sometimes not part of a trace. This can be useful for measuring the understandability using behavioral profiles.

Usage

```
some_traces_without_activity(repetition_and_path_log, xml_internal_doc,
    activity)
```

Arguments

```
repetition_and_path_log
repetition and path log list object created by the function create_repetition_and_path_log
xml_internal_doc
document object created using the create_internal_document function
activity the activity name
```

structuredness 23

Value

a boolean value indicating whether it is true on whether or not an activity is sometimes not part of a trace

Examples

```
## Not run: some_traces_without_activity(log, doc, "A")
```

structuredness

Structuredness

Description

Structuredness measures to which extent the process model can be divided into block structured structures (matching gateways) Calculation: 1 - size of reduced process model / size of normal process model To get the reduced process model, the following rules are applied: -removal of trivial constructs (one incoming and one outgoing sequence flow) -removal of matching gateways (for loops, this means first a join then a split, for all other gateways, it's the other way around) -loops with other than XOR-gateways and non-matching gateways are kept -gateways which are the consequence of multiple start or end events are removed

Usage

```
structuredness(file_path, signavio = FALSE,
  path_log_already_created = FALSE, generate_new_path_log = FALSE,
  time_to_generate_path_log = 1500)
```

Arguments

file_path document object created using the create_internal_document function signavio boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio path_log_already_created

boolean which indicates whether the path log has already been created before or not. When you are not sure, it is best to use the standard which is false

generate_new_path_log

used when it is not possible to save the path log such as with the Rapid miner or in unit tests and examples

time_to_generate_path_log

time which is the maximum time to generate a new path log in seconds. The standard setting is 1500 seconds.

Value

an integer indicating the structuredness

```
structuredness(file_path, generate_new_path_log = TRUE)
```

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task_names 7	Task names
--------------	------------

Description

A function which returns the task names together with the task ids

Usage

```
task_names(xml_internal_doc, filter_non_connector_activities = FALSE,
    signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

```
xml_internal_doc
```

document object created using the create_internal_document function

filter_non_connector_activities

attribute indicating whether non connector activities should be filtered. The de-

fault value is FALSE.

signavio

boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

Value

an object containing a table with the IDs and tasknames

Examples

```
task_names(create_internal_doc(file_path))
```

token_split

Token Split

Description

Token split is defined as the sum of the outgoing flows of parallel, inclusive and complex gateways minus one, because otherwise the token_split value is always one, while it should be zero if there are

Usage

```
token_split(file_path, signavio = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file_path	document object created using the create_internal_document function
signavio	boolean which indicates whether the file stems from signavio

traces_contain_relation 25

Value

an integer indicating the token_split

Examples

```
token_split(file_path)
```

traces_contain_relation

Relation in traces

Description

This functions returns true or false on whether there exists always or sometimes an (indirect) relation between two activities in a process model. This can be useful for measuring the understandability using behavioral profiles. Always means that wheneve activity 1 is part of the trace, activity 2 will some time follow activity 1. Sometimes means that there should be at least one case where there is an indirect relation and at least one case where there is not. The indirect relations between two activities due to a parallel construct are left out of scope for this function.

Usage

```
traces_contain_relation(repetition_and_path_log, xml_internal_doc,
  activity_1, activity_2, always = TRUE, filter_indirect = TRUE,
  precede = FALSE, alternate_response = FALSE,
  alternate_precedence = FALSE, chain_response = FALSE,
  chain_precedence = FALSE, negation_alternate_precedence = FALSE,
  negation_alternate_response = FALSE)
```

Arguments

repetition_and_path_log

repetition and path log list object created by the function create_repetition_and_path_log

xml_internal_doc

document object created using the create internal document function

activity_1 the activity name of the first activity

activity_2 the activity name of the second activity in the relation

always a boolean value indicating whether there should be always a direct relation. If it

is false, it is assumed to be tested for the sometimes case.

filter_indirect

a boolean value indicating whether indirect relations are targeted. If not, all

relations are used

precede a boolean value indicating whether precede or follows relation is tested

alternate_response

a boolean indicating whether an alternate response relation is tested

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alternate_precedence

a boolean indicating whether an alternate precedence relation is tested chain_response a boolean indicating whether a chain response relation is tested chain_precedence

a boolean indicating whether a chain precedence relation is tested negation_alternate_precedence

a boolean indicating whether a negation alternate precedence relation is tested negation_alternate_response

a boolean indicating whether a negation alternate response relation is tested

Value

a boolean value indicating whether it is true that there is always or sometimes an indirect relation between activity $_1$ and activity $_2$

Examples

```
## Not run: traces_contain_relation(log, doc, "A", "F", TRUE, TRUE)
```

understandBPMN

understandBPMN - understandability metrics for BPMN models

Description

This package provides the implementation of several comprehensibility and complexity metrics for BPMN models

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